

### 5-V Low-Drop Fixed Voltage Regulator

#### **TLE 4270**

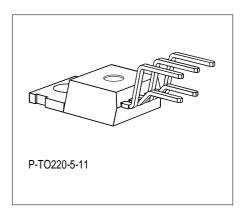
#### **Features**

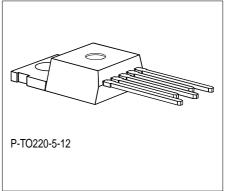
- Output voltage tolerance ≤ ± 2 %
- 550 mA output current capability
- Low-drop voltage
- Reset functionality
- · Adjustable reset time
- Suitable for use in automotive electronics
- Integrated overtemperature protection
- · Reverse polarity protection
- Input voltage up to 42 V
- Overvoltage protection up to 65 V (≤ 400 ms)
- Short-circuit proof
- Wide temperature range
- ESD protection > 4000 V

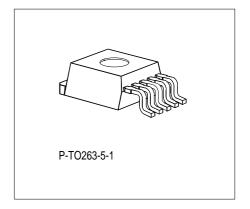
Туре	Ordering Code	Package
TLE 4270	Q67000-A9209-A904	P-TO220-5-11
TLE 4270 S	Q67000-A9243-A904	P-TO220-5-12
TLE 4270 G	Q67006-A9201-A901	P-TO263-5-1
TLE 4270 D	Q67006-A9360	P-TO252-5-1

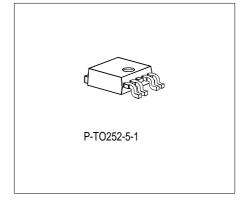
## **Functional Description**

This device is a 5-V low-drop fixed-voltage regulator. The maximum input voltage is 42 V (65 V,  $\leq$  400 ms). Up to an input voltage of 26 V and for an output current up to 550 mA it regulates the output voltage within a 2 % accuracy. The short circuit protection limits the output current of more than 650 mA. The device incorporates overvoltage protection and temperature protection that disables the circuit at unpermissibly high temperatures.











## **Pin Configuration**

(top view)

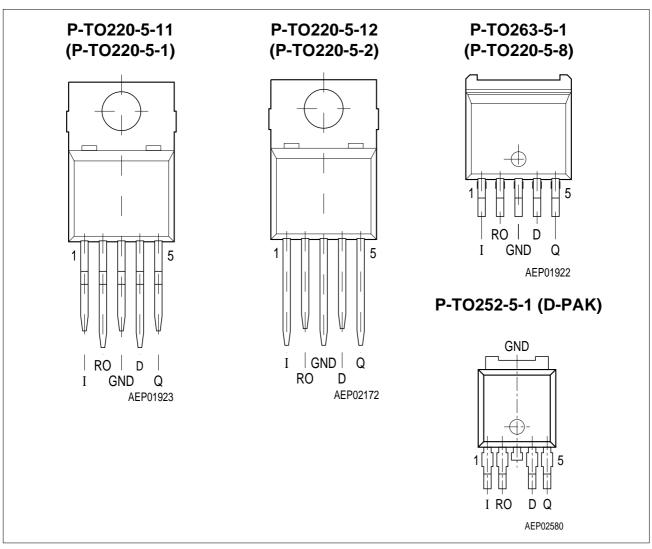


Figure 1

### **Pin Definitions and Functions**

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	I	Input; block to ground directly on the IC with ceramic capacitor
2	RO	<b>Reset Output</b> ; the open collector output is connected to the 5 V output via an integrated resistor of 30 k $\Omega$ .
3	GND	Ground; internally connected to heatsink.
4	D	Reset Delay; connect a capacitor to ground for delay time adjustment.
5	Q	<b>5-V Output</b> ; block to ground with 22 μF capacitor, ESR < 3 $\Omega$ .



### **Circuit Description**

The control amplifier compares a reference voltage, which is kept highly accurate by resistance adjustment, to a voltage that is proportional to the output voltage and drives the base of a series transistor via a buffer. Saturation control as a function of the load current prevents any over-saturation of the power element.

The IC also incorporates a number of internal circuits for protection against:

- Overload
- Overvoltage
- Overtemperature
- Reverse polarity

### **Application Description**

The IC regulates an input voltage in the range of 5.5 V <  $V_{\rm I}$  < 36 V to  $V_{\rm Qnom}$  = 5.0 V. Up to 26 V it produces a regulated output current of more than 550 mA. Above 26 V the save-operating-area protection allows operation up to 36 V with a regulated output current of more than 300 mA. Overvoltage protection limits operation at 42 V. The overvoltage protection hysteresis restores operation if the input voltage has dropped below 36 V. A reset signal is generated for an output voltage of  $V_{\rm Q}$  < 4.5 V. The delay for power-on reset can be set externally with a capacitor.



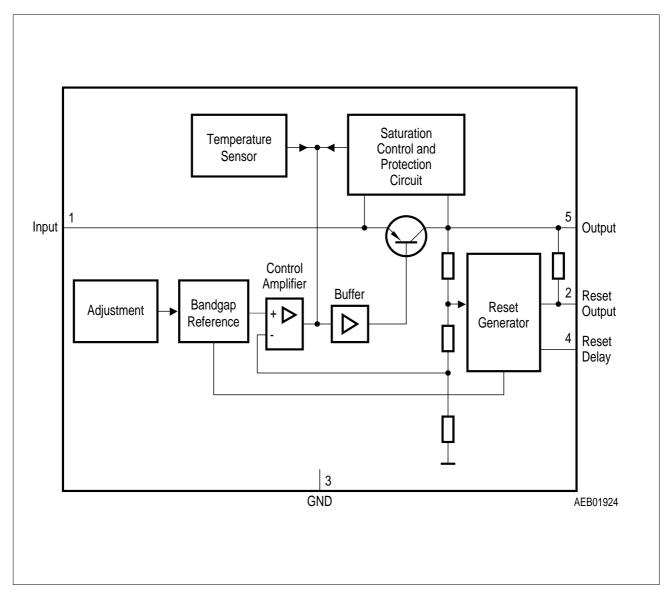


Figure 2 Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_1 = -40$ to 150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Lim	it Values	Unit	Notes	
		min. max.				
Input						
Voltage	$V_{ m I}$	- 42	42	V		
Voltage	$V_{ m I}$	_	65	V	<i>t</i> ≤ 400 ms	
Current	$I_{\mathrm{I}}$				internally limite	
Reset Output						
Voltage	$V_{R}$	- 0.3	7	V		
Current	$I_{R}$				Internally limite	
Reset Delay						
Voltage	$V_{D}$	- 0.3	7	V		
Current	$I_{D}$				Internally limite	
Output						
Voltage	$V_{Q}$	- 1.0	16	V		
Current	$I_{Q}$				Internally limite	
Ground						
Current	$I_{GND}$	- 0.5	_	А	_	
Temperatures						
Junction temperature	$T_{j}$		150	°C	_	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	<b>-</b> 50	150	°C		



## **Operating Range**

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes	
		min.	max.			
Input voltage	$V_{ m I}$	6	42	V	_	
Junction temperature	$T_{j}$	- 40	150	°C	_	

### **Thermal Resistance**

Junction ambient	$R_{thja}$	_	65 70	K/W K/W	TO263, TO252 <sup>1)</sup>
Junction case	R <sub>thjc</sub>		3	K/W K/W	t < 1 ms (TO-220/263
	<b>∠</b> thjc				Packages)

<sup>1)</sup> Soldered in, min. footprint

### **Characteristics**

 $V_{\rm I}$  = 13.5 V; - 40 °C  $\leq$   $T_{\rm j}$  =  $\leq$  125 °C (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	L	imit Val	ues	Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
Output voltage	$V_{Q}$	4.90	5.00	5.10	V	$\begin{array}{c} \text{5 mA} \leq I_{\text{Q}} \leq \text{550 mA;} \\ \text{6 V} \leq V_{\text{I}} \leq \text{26 V} \end{array}$
Output voltage	$V_{Q}$	4.90	5.00	5.10	V	26 V $\leq V_{\rm I} \leq$ 36 V; $I_{\rm Q} \leq$ 300 mA
Output current limiting	$I_{Qmax}$	650	850	_	mA	$V_{\rm Q}$ = 0 V
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{I} - I_{Q}$	$I_{q}$	_	1	1.5	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 mA
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{I} - I_{Q}$	$I_{q}$	_	55	75	mA	$I_{\mathrm{Q}}$ = 550 mA
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{I} - I_{Q}$	$I_{q}$	_	70	90	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 550 mA; $V_{\rm I}$ = 5 V
Drop voltage	$V_{dr}$	_	350	700	mV	$I_{\rm Q} = 550 \; {\rm mA}^{1)}$



## Characteristics (cont'd)

 $V_{\rm I}$  = 13.5 V; - 40 °C  $\leq$   $T_{\rm j}$  =  $\leq$  125 °C (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	L	imit Va	lues	Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
Load regulation	$\Delta V_{Q}$	_	25	50	mV	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 to 550 mA; $V_{\rm I}$ = 6 V
Supply voltage regulation	$\Delta V_{Q}$	_	12	25	mV	$V_{\rm I}$ = 6 to 26 V $I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 mA
Power supply Ripple rejection	PSRR	_	54	_	dB	$f_{\rm r}$ = 100 Hz; $V_{\rm r}$ = 0.5 $V_{\rm SS}$

### **Reset Generator**

Switching threshold	$V_{RT}$	4.5	4.65	4.8	V	_
Reset High voltage	$V_{ROH}$	4.5	_	_	V	_
Reset low voltage	$V_{ROL}$	_	60	_	mV	$R_{\text{intern}} = 30 \text{ k}\Omega^{2)};$ 1.0 V $\leq V_{\text{Q}} \leq 4.5 \text{ V}$
Reset low voltage	$V_{ROL}$	_	200	400	mV	$I_{\rm R}$ = 3 mA, $V_{\rm Q}$ = 4.4 V
Reset pull-up	R	18	30	46	kΩ	internally connected to Q
Lower reset timing threshold	$V_{DRL}$	0.2	0.45	0.8	V	$V_{Q} < V_{RT}$
Charge current	$I_{d}$	8	14	25	μΑ	$V_{\rm D}$ = 1.0 V
Upper timing threshold	$V_{DU}$	1.4	1.8	2.3	V	_
Delay time	$t_{d}$	_	13	_	ms	$C_{\rm D}$ = 100 nF
Reset reaction time	$t_{RR}$	_	_	3	μs	$C_{\rm D}$ = 100 nF

### **Overvoltage Protection**

Turn-Off voltage	$V_{ m I,ov}$	42	44	46	V	_

<sup>1)</sup> Drop voltage =  $V_{\rm I} - V_{\rm Q}$  (measured when the output voltage has dropped 100 mV from the nominal value obtained at 13.5 V input)

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<sup>2)</sup> Reset peak is always lower than 1.0 V.



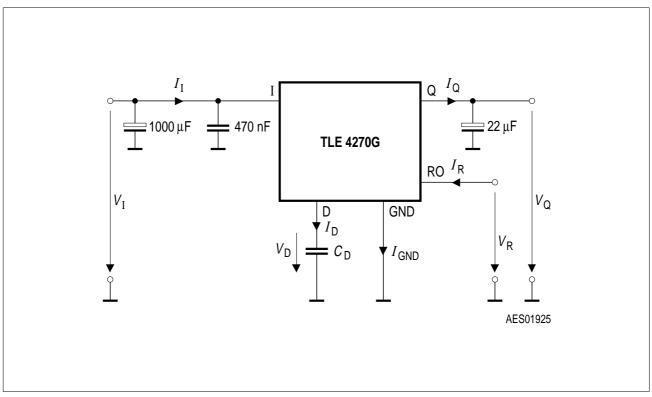


Figure 3 Test Circuit

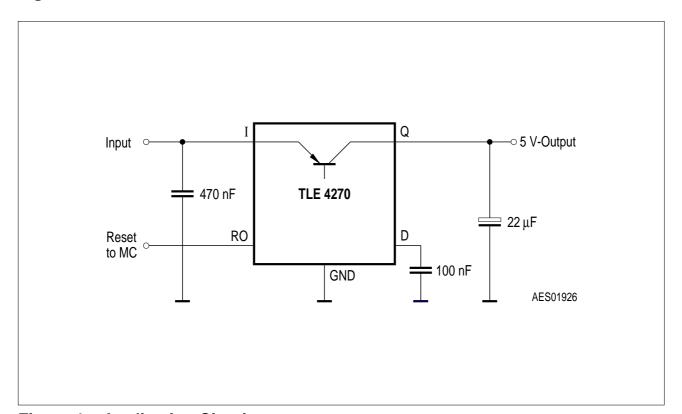


Figure 4 Application Circuit



### **Design Notes for External Components**

An input capacitor  $C_{\rm I}$  is necessary for compensation of line influences. The resonant circuit consisting of lead inductance and input capacitance can be damped by a resistor of approx. 1  $\Omega$  in series with  $C_{\rm I}$ . An output capacitor  $C_{\rm Q}$  is necessary for the stability of the regulating circuit. Stability is guaranteed at values of  $C_{\rm Q} \ge 22~\mu{\rm F}$  and an ESR of  $< 3~\Omega$ .

### **Reset Circuitry**

If the output voltage decreases below 4.5 V, an external capacitor  $C_{\rm D}$  on pin 4 (D) will be discharged by the reset generator. If the voltage on this capacitor drops below  $V_{\rm DRL}$ , a reset signal is generated on pin 2 (RO), i.e. reset output is set low. If the output voltage rises above the reset threshold,  $C_{\rm D}$  will be charged with constant current. After the power-on-reset time the voltage on the capacitor reaches  $V_{\rm DU}$  and the reset output will be set high again. The value of the power-on-reset time can be set within a wide range depending of the capacitance of  $C_{\rm D}$ .

### **Reset Timing**

The power-on reset delay time is defined by the charging time of an external capacitor  $C_d$  which can be calculated as follows:

$$C_{\rm d} = (t_{\rm d} \times I_{\rm d})/\Delta V$$

Definitions:

 $C_{\rm d}$  = delay capacitor

 $t_{\rm d}$  = reset delay time

 $I_{\rm d}$  = charge current, typical 5 mA

 $\Delta V = V_{\rm DU}$ , typical 1.9 V

 $V_{\mathrm{DU}}$  = upper delay switching threshold at  $C_{\mathrm{d}}$  for reset delay time

$$t_{\rm d} = \Delta V \times C_{\rm D}/I_{\rm D}$$

The reset reaction time  $t_{\rm rr}$  is the time it takes the voltage regulator to set the reset out LOW after the output voltage has dropped below the reset threshold. It is typically 1  $\mu$ s for delay capacitor of 47 nF. For other values for  $C_{\rm d}$  the reaction time can be estimated using the following equation:

$$t_{\rm rr} \approx 20 \text{ s/F} \times C_{\rm d}$$



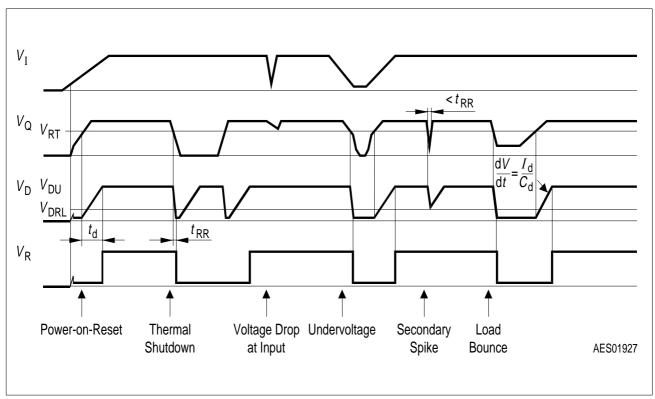
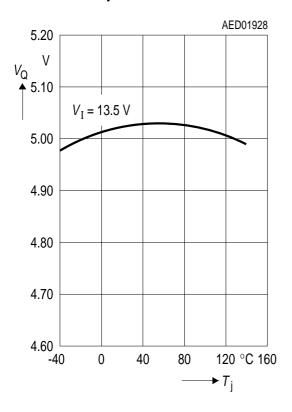


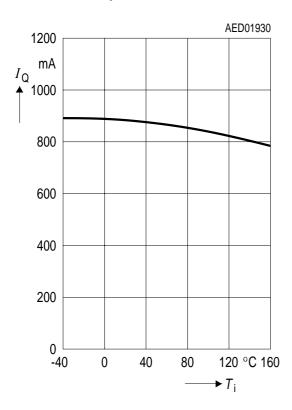
Figure 5 Reset Time Response



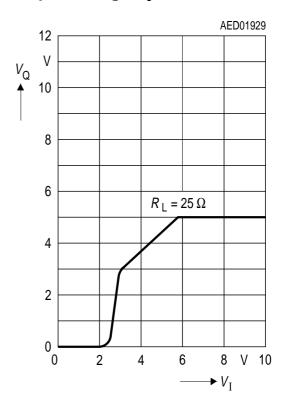
# Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm i}$



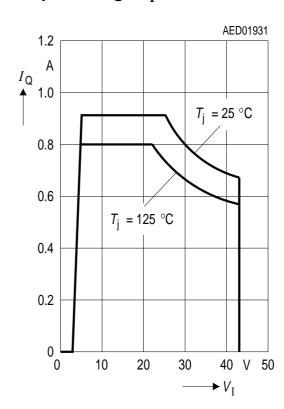
# Output Current $I_{\rm Q}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm j}$



# Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ versus Input Voltage $V_{\rm I}$

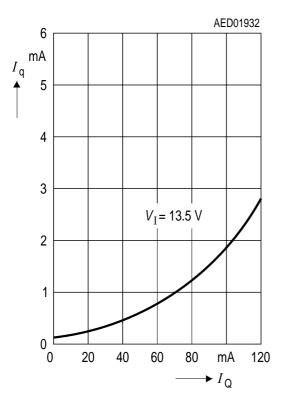


# Output Current $I_{\mathsf{Q}}$ versus Input Voltage $V_{\mathsf{I}}$

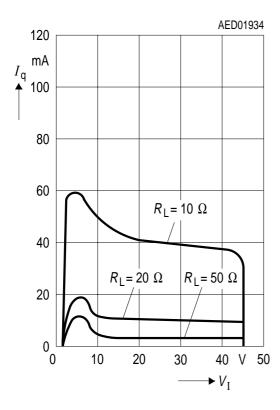




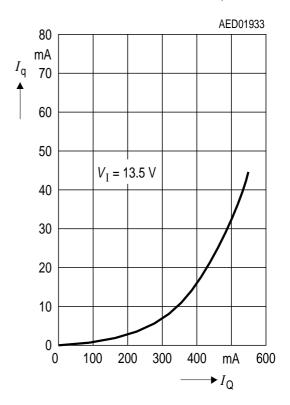
# Current Consumption $I_{\rm q}$ versus Output Current $I_{\rm Q}$



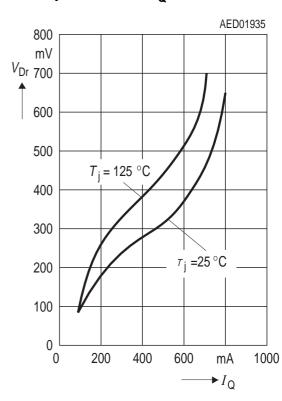
# Current Consumption $I_{\rm q}$ versus Input Voltage $V_{\rm I}$



# Current Consumption $I_{q}$ versus Output Current $I_{Q}$

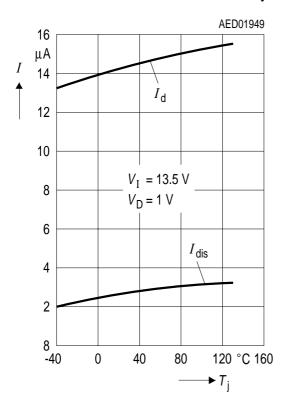


# Drop Voltage $V_{ m dr}$ versus Output Current $I_{ m Q}$

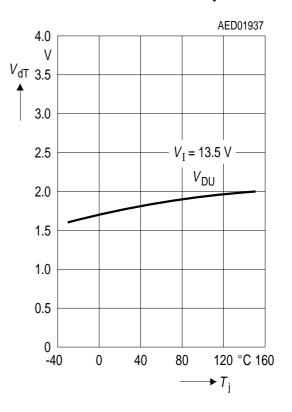




# Charge Current $I_{\rm d}$ and Discharge Current $I_{\rm DIS}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm i}$

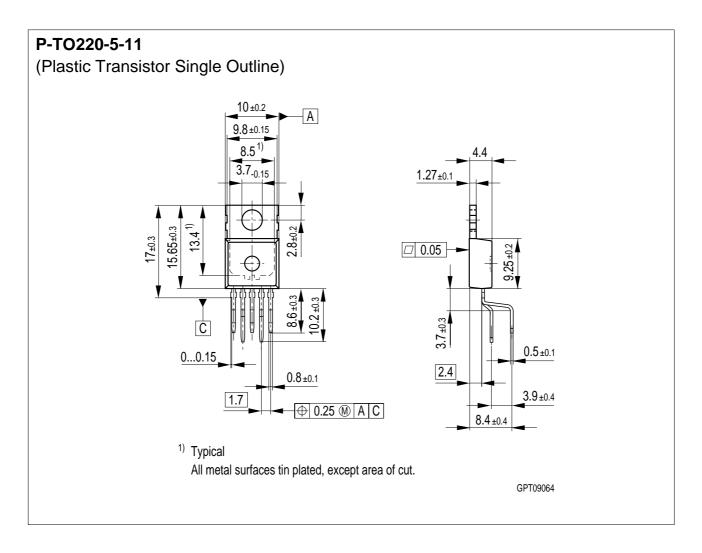


# Delay Switching Threshold $V_{\mathrm{DU}}$ versus Temperature $T_{\mathrm{i}}$





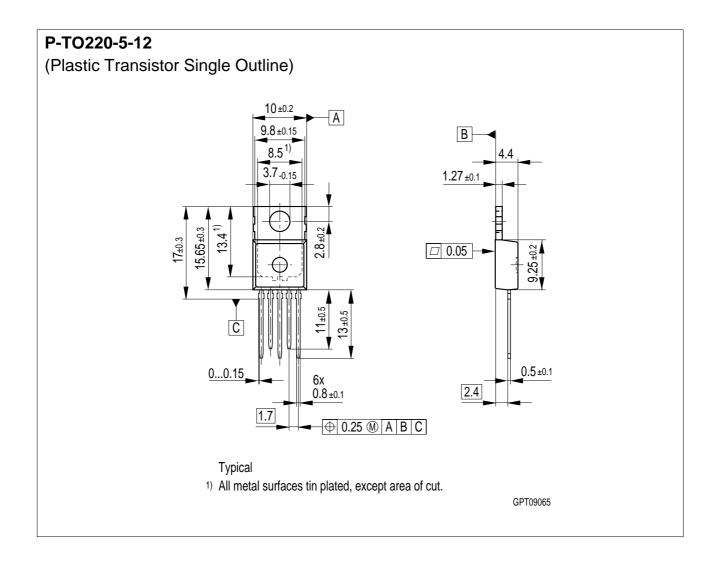
### **Package Outlines**



### **Sorts of Packing**

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

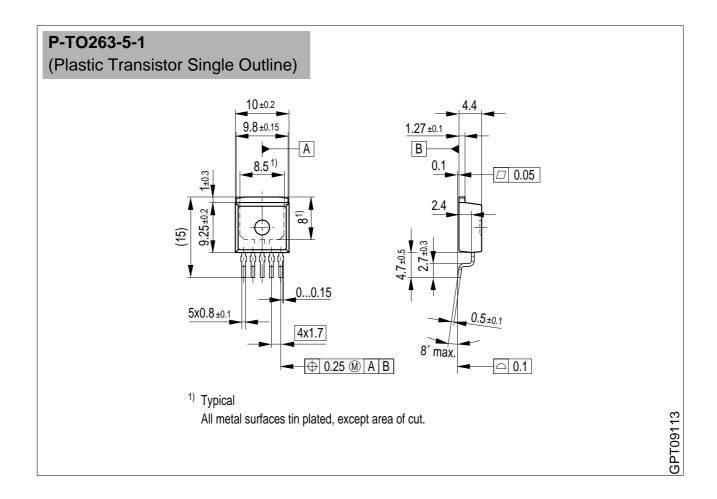




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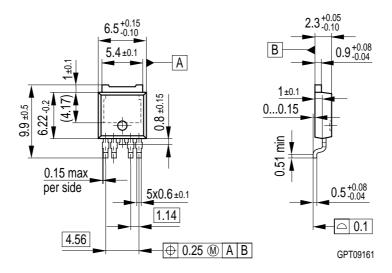
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SMD = Surface Mounted Device



### P-TO252-5-1

## (Plastic Transistor Single Outline)



All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

### **Sorts of Packing**

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

SMD = Surface Mounted Device



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